

MUSEUM NATIONAL D'HISTOIRE NATURELLE

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PRELIMINARY RESULTS ON THE COMPOSITION OF THE PRESTIGE FUEL OIL

	INITIAL FUEL PRE-02-105	EMULSION PRE-02-104
SATURATES %	26.6	24.6
AROMATICS	52.8	50.25
RESINS	8.4	9.9
ASPHALTENES	12.2	14.2

GC DATA

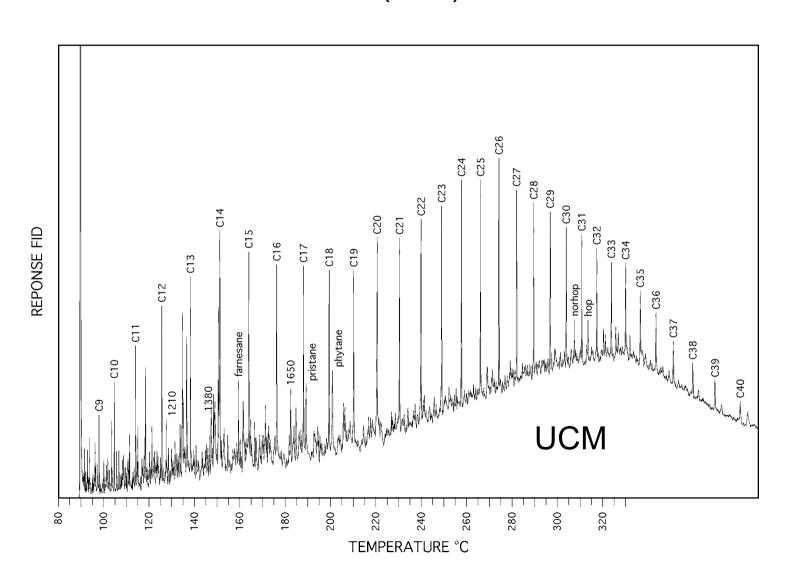
Saturates fraction	n-alkanes iso-alkanes UCM * C17/pristane C18/phytane	2.15% 2.68% 18.6% 1.65 1.69	
Aromatics fraction	Total resolved UCM	d peaks	3.14% 24.1%
Total GC	resolved peak UCM	(S	8% 43%

^{*}UCM unresolved complex mixture

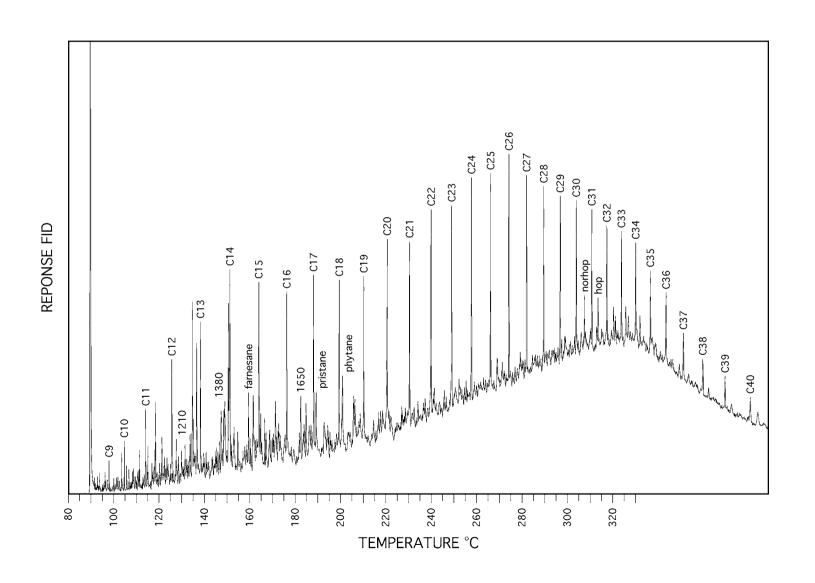
NOTES

- •The *PRESTIGE* fuel shows a bimodal distribution :
- -a light-medium fraction C9-C16 similar to a gas oil fraction rich in aromatic HC (from alkylbenzenes to tetramethylnaphtalenes)
- -a medium-heavy distillation residue C17-C40+. The residue centered on C33 is heavier than the *ERIKA* residue centered on C26.
- •The chemical composition of the emulsion collected after 15 days is exactly similar to the initial composition of the refinery product.
- •The biodegradability of the fuel will probably be very low (less than 15 %, *Oudot : Comptes Rendus Acad Sci III, 323,945-950*) Bioremediation techniques will be largely inefficient.
- •The potential toxicity of the fuel should not be evaluated on the only basis of the 16 EPA PAH content in the fuel (less than 0.1%). The fuel contains more than 3% GC-resolved alkylated PAH and total aromatic content is around 50%. Studies on the toxicity of the entire fuel (or similar) should be undertaken as a basis for reference data on this class of products.

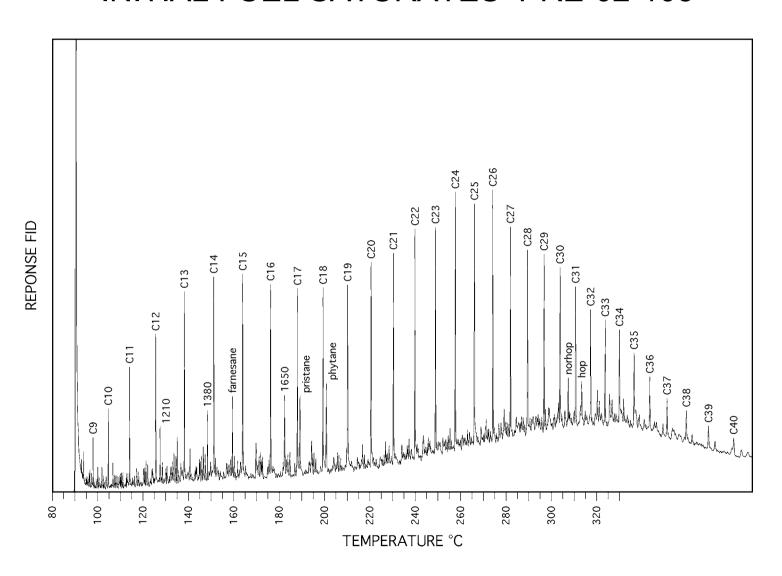
MNHN 4/12/02 INITIAL FUEL OIL (total) PRE-02-105



MNHN 4/12/02 EMULSION AILETTE PRE-02-104



MNHN 4/12/02 INITIAL FUEL SATURATES PRE-02-105



MNHN 4/12/02 INITIAL FUEL AROMATICS PRE-02-105

